<b>S</b> 8OA <	(Rev.	12/06)	Subpoena	in	a Civil	Саве
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	Issued by the		
Unite	ED STATES DISTRICT COU	RT	
SOUTHERN	DISTRICT OF TEXAS		
MICHAEL TED LAMB, TDCJ-CID#790214 Plaintiff V.	CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE		
RICHARD L. CRITES, ET. AL.,  Defendants  TO:	Case Number:1	2:11-CV-00027	
Johnny Miles, McConnell Unit, 3001 S.			
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear testify in the above case.	in the United States District court at the place	e, date, and time specified below to	
PLACE OF TESTIMONY United States District Court, Southern		COURTROOM Magistrate Judge Brian Owsley	
Division, 1133 N. Shoreline, Corpus (	Christi, Texas 78401	DATE AND TIME January 16, 2013, 1:00 p.m.	
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the above case.	at the place, date, and time specified below to	testify at the taking of a deposition	
PLACE OF DEPOSITION		DATE AND TIME	
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce place, date, and time specified below (	e and permit inspection and copying of the foll	owing documents or objects at the	
•			
PLACE		DATE AND TIME	
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit	inspection of the following premises at the da	ate and time specified below.	
PREMISES		DATE AND TIME	
directors, or managing agents, or other persons matters on which the person will testify. Federa		orth, for each person designated, the	
ATTORN	CATE IF ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT)	1 1/1/13	
issuing officer's name, address and phone Sico, White, Hotelscher + Bra	NUMBER, UP, 802 N. Carancah	ua, Ste 900	

(See Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Subdivisions (c), (d), and (e), on next page)

361-653-3300.

<sup>&#</sup>x27; If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

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AO88 (Rev. 12/06) Subpoena in a Civil Case Receiv	ed: January 11,2013@49pm
PRO	OOF OF SERVICE
January 12 2013	PLACE Mc Connell Unit, 3001 S. Emily Drive
SERVED January 12, 2013 0 6:00 A.M.	Beeville Tx 78102
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)	MANNER OF SERVICE
Johnny Miles	Personal Service
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)	TITLE
Joe R. Peruz SCH1527	Process Server
(Exp. 9-30-7014) DECLAR	RATION OF SERVER

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct.

Executed on <

January 14, 2014

JOE R. PEREZ

TEXAS CERTIFIED PROCESS SERVER
SC #1527

SIGNATURE OF SERVER

TEXAS CIVIL PROCESS, INC.

ADDRESS OF SERVER 1650 Browniee Blvd.

P.O. Box 3785

Corpus Christi, TX 78463-3785

Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Subdivisions (c), (d), and (e), as amended on December 1, 2006:

(c) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

(1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction, which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and a reasonable attorney's fee.

(2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit impection, copying, testing, or sampling of designated electronically stored information, books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.

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(B) Subject to paragraph (d)(2) of this rule; a person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling may, within 14 days after service of the subpoen a before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated in the subpoens written objection to producing any or all of the designated materials or inspection of the premises — or to producing electronically stored of the designated materials or inspection is made, the party serving the subpoens shall not be entitled to inspect, copy, test, or sample the materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpoens was issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpoens may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the protection, inspection, copying, testing, or sampling. Such an order to compel shell protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection, copying, testing, or sampling commanded.

significant expense resulting from the inspection, copying, testing, or sampling commanded.

(3)(A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it

(i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance;

(ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to the provisions of clause (o)(3)(B)(iii) of this rule, such a person may in order to attend trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held:

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) If a subpoena

(1) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or

(ii) requires disclosure of an unretained expert's opinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's abidy made not at the request of any party, or

(iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person subject

to or affected by the subpoens, quash or modify the subpoens or, if the party in whose behalf the subpoens is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the person to whom the subpoens is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only upon specified conditions.

(d) Duties in Responding to Subpoena.

(1) (A) A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce them as
they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with
the categories in the demand.

(B) If a subposess does not specify the form or forms for producing electronically stored information, a person responding to a subposes must produce the information in a form or forms in which the person ordinarily maintains it or in a form or forms that are reasonably usable.

(C) A person responding to a subpoens need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) A person responding to a subpoens need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or to quash, the person from whom discovery is sought must show that the information sought is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) (A) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to proteotion as trial-preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.

(B) If information is produced in response to a subpoens that is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has and may not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved. A receiving party may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. If the receiving party disclosed the information before being notified, it must take reasonable steps to retrieve it. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(e) CONTEMPT. Failure of any person without adequate excuse to obey a subpoens served upon that person may be deamed a contempt of the court from which the subpoens issued. An adequate cause for failure to obey exists when a subpoens purports to require a nonparty to attend or produce at a place not within the limits provided by clause (ii) of subparsgraph (e)(3)(A).